|               | Theory - Written Exam |             | Level 1       |     |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------------|-----|
| Student Name: | Student #:            | _Teacher #: | Written Score | /20 |

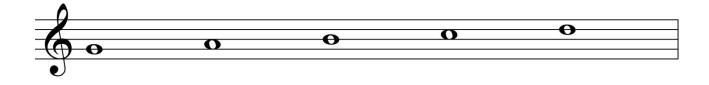
I promise that on this test I have answered each question myself, without help from my family, another student, teacher, or by looking up answers on the web or in a book.

**3. Intervals \_\_\_\_/3** Identify each interval as a 2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup>.



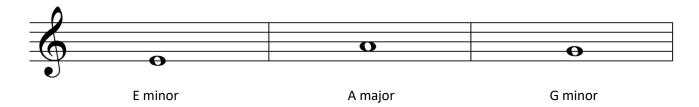
# 4. Pentascale \_\_\_\_\_/4

- Place the correct sharps or flats (or none) in front of the notes to create the **G minor** pentascale.
- Circle the tonic note and label it with  $\hat{1}$ .
- Circle the dominant pitch and label it with  $\hat{5}$ .



5. Triads \_\_\_\_/3

Using whole notes, write these triads. Include any necessary sharps or flats.



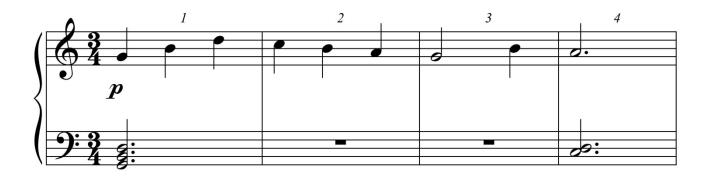
# 6. Analysis \_\_\_\_/3

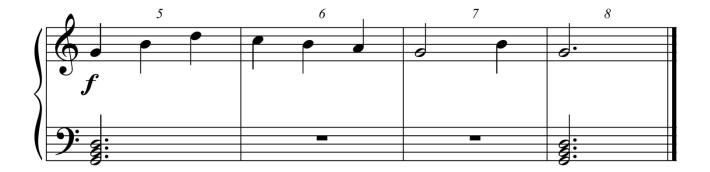
Use the piece below to answer these questions.

- a. How many beats are in each measure? \_\_\_\_\_
- b. This piece has two phrases: phrase *A* (measures 1-4) and phrase *B* (measures 5-8). Are these two phrases parallel or contrasting? (Circle)

parallel contrasting

c. Circle a triad.

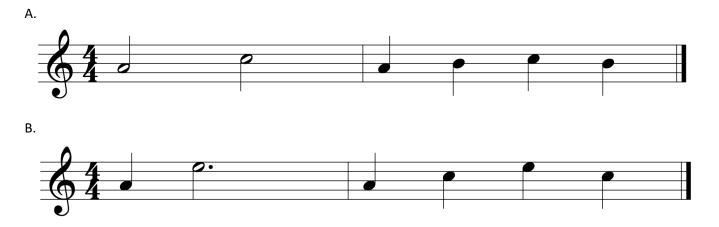




| MINNESOTA<br>MUSIC TEACHERS ASSOCIATION | Theory - Aural Exam   | Level 1        |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|
| Student Name:                           | Student #: Teacher #: | Aural Score/14 |

## 7. Melodic Identification \_\_\_\_\_/1

Listen to a melody played twice. Circle the letter of the melody you hear.



### 8. Interval Identification \_\_\_\_/3

Listen to three intervals played two times each. Circle the correct interval.

| Interval 1: | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Interval 2: | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |
| Interval 3: | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |

### 9. Pentascale Identification \_\_\_\_/3

Listen to three pentascales played two times each. Circle whether it is major or minor.

| Pentascale 1: | major | minor |
|---------------|-------|-------|
| Pentascale 2: | major | minor |
| Pentascale 3: | major | minor |

### 10. Triad Identification \_\_\_\_/3

Listen to three triads played two times each. Circle whether each triad is major or minor.

| Triad 1: | major | minor |
|----------|-------|-------|
| Triad 2: | major | minor |
| Triad 3: | major | minor |

### 11. Rhythmic Identification \_\_\_\_/1

Listen to a rhythm played two times. Circle the letter of the rhythm you hear.



# 12. Form Identification \_\_\_\_\_/3

Listen to a short melody played three times. Circle the correct answers to the following questions.

- a. The first phrase ends on:
  - A. Tonic  $\hat{1}$
  - B. Dominant  $\hat{5}$
  - b. The second phrase ends on:
    - A. Tonic  $\hat{1}$
    - B. Dominant  $\hat{5}$
  - c. The two phrases are:
    - A. Parallel
    - B. Contrasting



### 1. Pentascales

Play the following pentascales hands together.

- A major in parallel motion
- D minor in contrary motion

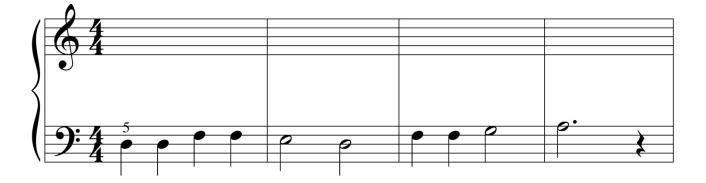
## 2. Triads

With one hand, play the following triads.

- E major
- G minor
- A minor

### 3. Sight Playing and Transposing

- a. Clap or tap the rhythm.
- b. Identify the intervals by size and direction.
- c. The piece is in a **minor** key. What **minor** pentascale does it use?
- d. With both hands, play the pentascale in parallel motion.
- e. Play the piece.
- f. With both hands, play the **G minor** pentascale in parallel motion.
- g. Transpose the piece to **G minor**.





# 4. Pitch Play Back

Listen to four notes in the **C major** pentascale performed twice. Play back the four notes you hear. The example will start on **C**.

# 5. Rhythm Play Back

Listen to a rhythm performed twice. Play or clap back that rhythm.